



Policy Document

Sedley's C of E Primary School

Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions and Administering First Aid Policy

July 2024

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Contents

DEFINITIONS OF MEDICAL CONDITIONS.....	3
THE STATUTORY DUTY OF THE GOVERNING BODY	4
POLICY IMPLEMENTATION	6
PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED WHEN NOTIFICATION IS RECEIVED THAT A PUPIL HAS A MEDICAL CONDITION	6
INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLANS.....	7
ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	9
STAFF TRAINING AND SUPPORT	11
THE CHILD'S ROLE IN MANAGING THEIR OWN MEDICAL NEEDS.....	12
MANAGING MEDICINES ON SCHOOL PREMISES AND RECORD KEEPING.....	13
EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	14
DAY TRIPS, RESIDENTIAL VISITS, AND SPORTING ACTIVITIES	15
OTHER ISSUES FOR CONSIDERATION	15
TEMPLATE A	16
INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLAN	16
INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLAN	17
FAMILY CONTACT INFORMATION	17
TEMPLATE B: MEDICATION CONSENT	22
TEMPLATE C: RECORD OF MEDICINE ADMINISTERED TO ALL CHILDREN	24



This policy is written in line with the requirements of: -

- Children and Families Act 2014 - section 100
- Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions: statutory guidance for governing bodies of maintained schools and proprietors of academies in England, DfE Sept 2014
- 0-25 SEND Code of Practice, DfE 2014
- Mental Health and behaviour in schools: departmental advice for school staff, DfE June 2014
- Equalities Act 2010
- Schools Admissions Code, DfE 1 Feb 2010

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

SEN Policy, Safeguarding Policy, Off-site visits policy, Complaints Policy, Accessibility Plan.

This policy was developed with the Senior Leadership Team, local authority guidelines, Sedley's staff and Governors and will be reviewed annually.

Definitions of Medical Conditions

Pupils' medical needs may be broadly summarised as being of two types:

Short-term affecting their participation at school because they are on a course of medication, e.g. antibiotics, pain relief, etc that has been prescribed by a doctor.

Long-term potentially limiting access to education and requiring on-going support, medicines or care while at school to help them to manage their condition and keep them well, including monitoring and intervention in emergency circumstances. It is important that parents feel confident that the school will provide effective support for their child's medical condition and that pupils feel safe.

Some children with medical conditions may be considered disabled. Where this is the case governing bodies **must** comply with their duties under the Equality Act 2010. Some may also have special educational needs (SEN) and may have a statement or Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP). Where this is the case this policy should be read in conjunction with the 0-25 SEND Code of Practice and the school's SEN policy and the individual healthcare plan will become part of the EHCP.

The statutory duty of the governing body

The governing body remains legally responsible and accountable for fulfilling their statutory duty for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions. The governing body of Sedley's C of E Primary School fulfil this by:

- Ensuring that arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions, including administering medication in school if needed. In doing so we will ensure that such children can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child.
- Taking into account that many medical conditions that require support at school will affect quality of life and may be life-threatening. Some will be more obvious than others and therefore the focus is on the needs of each individual child and how their medical condition impacts on their school life.
- Ensuring that the arrangements give parents and pupils confidence in the school's ability to provide effective support for medical conditions, should show an understanding of how medical conditions impact on a child's ability to learn, as well as increase their confidence and promote self-care.
- We will ensure that staff are properly trained to provide specialist provision to support pupils who may need specialist care, where appropriate.
- Ensuring that no child with a medical condition is denied admission, or prevented from taking up a place in school because arrangements for their medical condition have not been made. However, in line with safeguarding duties, we will ensure that pupils' health is not put at unnecessary risk from, for example, infectious diseases, and reserve the right to refuse admittance to a child at times where it would be detrimental to the health of that child or others to do so.
- Ensuring that the arrangements put in place are sufficient to meet our statutory duties and ensure that policies, plans, procedures and systems are properly and effectively implemented.
- Developing a policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions that is reviewed regularly and accessible to parents and school staff (this policy).
- Ensuring that the policy includes details on how the policy will be implemented effectively, including a named person who has overall responsibility for policy implementation (see section below on policy implementation).

- Ensuring that the policy sets out the procedures to be followed whenever the school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition (see section below on procedure to be followed when notifications is received that a pupil has a medical condition).
- Ensuring that the policy covers the role of individual healthcare plans, and who is responsible for their development, in supporting pupils at school with medical conditions (see section below on individual healthcare plans).
- Ensuring that the school policy clearly identifies the roles and responsibilities of all those involved in arrangements for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions and how they will be supported, how their training needs will be assessed and how and by whom training will be commissioned and provided (see section below on staff training and support).
- Ensuring that the school policy covers arrangements for children who are competent to manage their own health needs and medicines (see section below on the child's role in managing their own medical needs).
- Ensuring that the policy is clear about the procedures to be followed for managing medicines including the completion of written records (see section below on managing medicines on school premises).
- Ensuring that the policy sets out what should happen in an emergency situation (see section below on emergency procedures).
- Ensuring that the arrangements are clear and unambiguous about the need to actively support pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so (see section on day trips, residential trips and sporting activities).
- Considering whether to
 - develop transport healthcare plans in conjunction with the LA for pupils with life-threatening conditions who use home- to- school transport
 - Once regulations are changed consider holding asthma inhalers for emergency use.
- Ensuring that the policy is explicit about what practice is not acceptable (see section on unacceptable practice).
- Ensuring that the appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriate to the level of risk (see section on Liability and Indemnity).
- Ensuring that the policy sets out how complaints may be made and will be handled concerning the support to pupils with medical conditions (see section on complaints).

Policy implementation

The statutory duty for making arrangements for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions rests with the governing Body. The governing body have conferred the following functions of the implementation of this policy to the staff below, however, the governing body remains legally responsible and accountable for fulfilling our statutory duty.

The overall responsibility for the implementation of this policy is given to the Headteacher. They will also be responsible for ensuring that sufficient staff are suitably trained and will ensure cover arrangements in cases of staff absences or staff turnover to ensure that someone is always available and on-site with an appropriate level of training.

They will also be responsible for briefing supply teachers, authorising risk assessments for school visits and other school activities outside of the normal timetable, or delegating this responsibility to a senior member of staff in their absence.

The SENCO will be responsible (or delegate to another member of staff) in conjunction with parents/carers, for drawing up of Health Care plans, and oversee the implementing and review of individual healthcare plans for each pupil and making sure relevant staff are aware of these plans, for both in school and off-site activities.

All members of staff are expected to show a commitment and awareness of children's medical conditions and the expectations of this policy. All new members of staff will be inducted into the arrangements and guidelines in this policy upon taking up their post.

Procedure to be followed when notification is received that a pupil has a medical condition

This covers notification prior to admission, procedures to cover transitional arrangements between schools or alternative providers, and the process to be followed upon reintegration after a period of absence or when pupils' needs change. For children being admitted to Sedley's C of E Primary School for the first time with good notification given, the arrangements will be in place for the start of the relevant school term. In other cases, such as a new diagnosis or a child moving to Sedley's C of E Primary School mid-term, we will make every effort to ensure that arrangements are put in place within two weeks.

In making the arrangements, we will take into account that many of the medical conditions that require support at school will affect quality of life and may be life-threatening. We also acknowledge that some may be more obvious than others. We will therefore ensure that the focus is on the needs of each individual child and how their medical condition impacts on their school life. We aim to ensure that parents/carers and pupils can have confidence in our ability to provide effective support for medical conditions in school, so the arrangements will show

an understanding of how medical conditions impact on the child's ability to learn, as well as increase their confidence and promote self-care.

We will ensure that staff are properly trained and supervised to support pupils with specialist medical conditions and will be clear and unambiguous about the need to actively support pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them in doing so. We will make arrangements for the inclusion of pupils in such activities with any adjustments as required unless evidence from a clinician such as a GP states that this is not possible.

We will make sure that no child with a medical condition is denied admission or prevented from attending the school, because arrangements for supporting their medical condition have not been made.

However, in line with our safeguarding duties, we will ensure that all pupils' health is not put at unnecessary risk from, for example infectious disease. We will therefore not accept a child in school at times where it would be detrimental to the health of that child or others.

Sedley's C of E Primary School does not have to wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to pupils. In cases where a pupil's medical condition is unclear, or where there is a difference of opinion, judgements will be needed about what support to provide based on available evidence. This would normally involve some form of medical evidence and consultation with parents/carers. Where evidence conflicts, some degree of challenge may be necessary to ensure that the right support can be put in place. These discussions will be led by the Headteacher and following these discussion an individual healthcare plan will written in conjunction with the parent/carers by the SENCO, or a member of staff nominated by the SENCO or Headteacher, and be put in place.

Individual healthcare plans

Individual healthcare plans will help to ensure that Sedley's C of E Primary School effectively supports pupils with medical conditions. They will provide clarity about what needs to be done, when and by whom. They will often be essential, such as in cases where conditions fluctuate or where there is a high risk that emergency intervention will be needed. They are likely to be helpful in the majority of other cases too, especially where medical conditions are long-term and complex. However, not all children will require one. The school, healthcare professional and parent/carer should agree, based on evidence, when a healthcare plan would be inappropriate or disproportionate. If consensus cannot be reached, the Headteacher, with advice from healthcare professionals, is best placed to take a final view.

Individual healthcare plans will be easily accessible to all who need to refer to them, while preserving confidentiality. Plans will capture the key information and actions that are required to support the child effectively. The level of detail within the plan will depend on the complexity of the child's condition and the degree of support needed. This is important

because different children with the same health condition may require very different support. Where a child has SEN, but does not have a statement of EHC plan, their special educational needs should be mentioned in their individual healthcare plan.

Individual healthcare plans (and their review) should be drawn up in partnership between the school, parents/carers and a relevant healthcare professional, e.g. school, specialist or children's community nurse, who can best advise on the particular needs of the child, if needed. Pupils should also be involved whenever appropriate. The aim should be to capture the steps which Sedley's C of E Primary School should take to help manage their condition and overcome any potential barriers to getting the most from their education. Partners should agree who will take the lead in writing the plan, but responsibility for ensuring it is finalised and implemented rests with the school.

Sedley's C of E Primary School will ensure that individual healthcare plans are reviewed at least annually or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed. They will be developed and reviewed with the child's best interests in mind and ensure that Sedley's C of E Primary School assesses and manages risks to the child's education, health and social wellbeing, and minimises disruption. Where a child is returning to school following a period of hospital education or alternative provision, we will work with the local authority and education provider to ensure that the individual healthcare plan identifies the support the child will need to reintegrate effectively

Template A provides a basic template for the individual healthcare plan, and although this format may be varied to suit the specific needs of each pupil, they should all include the following information:

- The medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments.
- The pupil's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues, e.g. crowded corridors, travel time between lessons;
- Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs - for example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions.
- The level of support needed (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs) including in emergencies. If a child is self-managing their medication, this should be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring.
- Who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a healthcare professional; and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable?

- Who in the school needs to be aware of the child's condition and the support required, including the administering of any medication.
- Arrangements for written permission from parents/carer and the Headteacher, for medication to be administered by a member of staff, or self-administered by the pupil during school hours.
- Separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the child can participate, e.g. risk assessment;
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/child, the designated individual to be entrusted with information about the child's condition; and
- What to do in an emergency, including whom to contact, and contingency arrangements. Some children may have an emergency healthcare plan prepared by their lead clinician that could be used to inform development of their individual healthcare plan

Roles and responsibilities

Please refer to the section on implementation for the functions that have been delegated to staff at Sedley's C of E Primary School.

Although staff at Sedley C of E Primary School should use their discretion and judge each case on its merit with reference to the child's individual healthcare plan, it is not generally acceptable practice to:

- Prevent children from easily accessing their inhalers and medication and administering their medication when and where necessary.
- Assume that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment.
- Ignore the views of the child or their parents\carers; or ignore medical evidence or opinion (although this may be challenged).
- Send children with medical conditions home frequently or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their individual healthcare plans.
- If the child becomes ill, they will not be left alone and unsupervised.

- Penalise children for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition, e.g. hospital appointments;
- Prevent pupils from drinking, eating, or taking toilet breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively.
- Require parents\carers, or otherwise make them feel obliged, to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support to their child, including with toileting issues. No parent should have to give up working, because the school is failing to support their child's medical needs; or
- Prevent children from participating, or creating unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips, e.g. by requiring parents to accompany the child.

In addition, we can refer to the **Community Nursing Team** for support with drawing up Individual Healthcare Plans, provide or commission specialist medical training, liaison with lead clinicians and advice or support in relation to pupils with medical conditions.

Other **healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians** should notify the Community Nursing Team when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school. Specialist local health teams may be able to provide support, and training to staff, for children with particular conditions (e.g. asthma, diabetes, epilepsy)

Pupils with medical conditions will often be best placed to provide information about how their condition affects them. They should be fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs and contribute as much as possible to the development of, and comply with, their individual healthcare plan. Other pupils will often be sensitive to the needs of those with medical conditions, and can, for example, alert staff to the deteriorating condition or emergency need of pupils with medical conditions.

Parents/carers should provide the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs. They may in some cases be the first to notify the school that their child has a medical condition. Parents are key partners and should be involved in the development and review of their child's individual healthcare plan and may be involved in its drafting. They should carry out any action they have agreed to as part of its implementation, e.g., provide medicines and equipment that are in date and in working order and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

Local authorities are commissioners of school nurses for maintained schools and academies in Kent. Under Section 10 of the Children Act 2004, they have a duty to promote co-operation between relevant partners such as governing bodies of maintained schools, proprietors of academies, clinical commissioning groups and NHS England, with a view to improving the well-being of children with regard to their physical and mental health, and their education, training and recreation. KCC is currently consulting on the re-organisation of its Health Needs provision which will strengthen its ability to provide support, advice and guidance, including suitable training for school staff, to ensure that the support specified within individual

healthcare plans can be delivered effectively. KCC will work with us to support pupils with medical conditions to attend full time. Where pupils would not receive a suitable education in a mainstream school because of their health needs, the local authority has a duty to make other arrangements. Statutory guidance for local authorities sets out that they should be ready to make arrangements under this duty when it is clear that a child will be away from school for 15 days or more because of health needs (whether consecutive or cumulative across the year).

Providers of health services should co-operate with schools that are supporting children with medical conditions. They can provide valuable support, information, advice and guidance to schools, and their staff, to support children with medical conditions at school.

Clinical commissioning groups (CCGs) commission other healthcare professionals such as specialist nurses. They have a reciprocal duty to co-operate under Section 10 of the Children Act 2004 (as described above for local authorities). The local Health and Well-being Board provides a forum for the local authority and CCGs to consider with other partners, including locally elected representatives, how to strengthen links between education, health and care settings.

The **Ofsted** inspection framework places a clear emphasis on meeting the needs of disabled children and pupils with SEN and considering the quality of teaching and the progress made by these pupils. Inspectors are already briefed to consider the needs of pupils with chronic or long-term medical conditions alongside these groups and to report on how well their needs are being met. Schools are expected to have a policy dealing with medical needs and to be able to demonstrate that it is being implemented effectively.

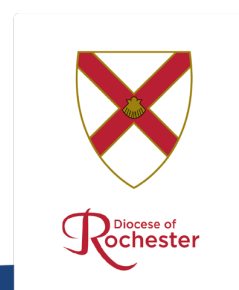
Staff training and support

Staff who have received first aid and/or medical training can be found in our First Aid policy.

All staff who are required to provide support to pupils for specific medical conditions will be trained by healthcare professional qualified to do so. The training needs will be identified by the healthcare professional during the development or review of the individual healthcare plan. We may choose to arrange training ourselves and will ensure that it remains up to date.

Training should be sufficient to ensure that staff are competent and have confidence in their ability to support pupils with specific medical conditions, and to fulfil the requirements set out in the individual healthcare plans. They will need an understanding of the specific medical conditions they are being asked to deal with, their implications and preventative measures.

Staff must not undertake specialist healthcare procedures without appropriate training (updated to reflect any individual healthcare plans). A first aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training in supporting children with medical conditions. Healthcare professionals,



including the school nurse, can provide confirmation of proficiency of staff in a specialist medical procedure, or in providing medication.

All staff will receive induction training and regular whole school awareness training so that all staff are aware of the school's policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions and their role in implementing the policy. The Headteacher, will seek advice from relevant healthcare professions about training needs, including preventative and emergency measures so that staff can recognise and act quickly when a problem occurs.

The family of a child will often be key in providing relevant information to school staff about how their child's needs can be met, and parents will be asked for their views. They should provide specific advice but should not be the sole trainer.

The child's role in managing their own medical needs

If, after discussion with the parent/carer, it is agreed that the child is competent to manage his/her own medication and procedures, s/he will be encouraged to do so. This will be reflected in the individual healthcare plan.

Wherever possible children will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices or should be able to access their medication for self-medication quickly and easily; these will be stored in a labelled, clear plastic box in a designated cupboard/shelf in the pupil's classroom to ensure that the safeguarding of other children is not compromised. Sedley's C of E Primary School does also recognise that children who take their medicines themselves and/or manage procedures will be provided with an appropriate level of supervision. If it is not appropriate for a child to self-manage, then relevant staff will help to administer medicines and manage procedures for them.

If a child refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure, staff should not force them to do so, but follow the procedure agreed in the individual healthcare plan. Parents will be informed so that alternative options can be considered.

Managing medicines on school premises and record keeping

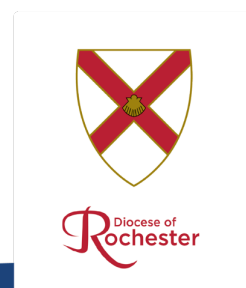
At Sedley's C of E Primary School the following procedures are to be followed:

- Medicines should only be administered at school when it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so.
- No child under 16 should be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parents written consent (see template B) - except in exceptional circumstances where the medicine has been prescribed to the child without the knowledge of the parents. In such cases, every effort should be made to encourage the child or young person to involve their parents while respecting their right to confidentiality.
- For non-prescription medicines, with parental written consent to be obtained, we will administer non-prescription medicines. Except never aspirin, or medication containing aspirin, unless it has been prescribed by a doctor. (The decision lies with the Headteacher as to whether the child is deemed fit to be in school, prior to agreeing to administer any medicine.)
- Medication, for pain relief, hay fever, and other minor medical conditions which do not require prescribed medication, should never be administered without first checking maximum dosage and when previous dose was taken with the parents. Parents should inform the school of this via email to the school office, or via the medication form. Non-prescription medication sent into school, should be clearly labelled with the name of the child. This should not obscure the dosage instructions on the packaging.
- Where clinically possible, medicines should be prescribed in dose frequencies which enable them to be taken outside school hours.
- Sedley's C of E Primary School will only accept prescribed medicines, with written permission from parent/carers that are in-date, labelled, provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage. The exception to this is insulin which must be in-date but will generally be available to schools inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than its original container.
- Medicines will be stored safely in a labelled, clear plastic box, in a designated cupboard/shelf in the pupil's classroom. Children should know where their medicines are at all times and be able to access them immediately. Where relevant, they should know which member of staff to go to, who is designated to supervise them.
- Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens should be always readily available in the pupil's classroom and not locked away. Asthma inhalers should be marked with the child's name.

- During school trips the designated first aid member of staff or group lead, will carry all medical devices and medicines required.
- A child who had been prescribed a controlled drug may legally have it in their possession if they are competent to do so but passing it to another child for use is an offence. Monitoring arrangements may be necessary. Otherwise, we will keep all controlled drugs that have been prescribed for a pupil securely stored in a non-portable container and only named staff will have access. Controlled drugs should be easily accessible in an emergency. A record should be kept of any doses used and the amount of the controlled drug held in the school.
- Staff volunteering to administer medicines should do so in accordance with the prescriber's instructions. Sedley's C of E Primary School will keep a record (see template C) of all medicines administered to individual children, stating what, how and how much was administered, when and by whom. Any side effects of the medication to be administered at school should be noted. Written records are kept of all medicines administered to children. The member of staff administering the medication, or supporting a pupil to self-administer will sign the entry in the medicines book and seek a counter signatory from a second member of staff. These records offer protection to staff and children and provide evidence that agreed procedures have been followed.
- When no longer required, medicines should be returned to the parent/carer to arrange safe disposal. Sharps boxes should always be used for the disposal of needles and other sharps.

Emergency procedures

- The Headteacher will ensure that arrangements are in place for dealing with emergencies for all school activities wherever they take place, including school trips within and outside the UK, as part of the general risk management process.
- Where a child has an individual healthcare plan, this should clearly define what constitutes an emergency and explain what to do, including ensuring that all relevant staff are aware of emergency symptoms and procedures. Other pupils in the school should know what to do in general terms, such as informing a teacher immediately if they think help is needed.
- If a child needs to be taken to hospital, staff should stay with the child until the parent arrives, or accompany a child taken to hospital by ambulance. If a child is accompanied to hospital by a member of staff, a copy of the Individual Health Care Plan will be taken to the hospital and shared with medical staff. Schools need to





ensure they understand the local emergency services cover arrangements and that the correct information is provided for navigation systems.

Day trips, residential visits, and sporting activities

We will actively support pupils with medical condition to participate in day trips, residential visits and sporting activities by being flexible and making reasonable adjustments unless there is evidence from a clinician such as a GP that this is not possible.

We will always conduct a risk assessment so that planning arrangements take account of any steps needed to ensure that pupils with medical conditions can be included safely. This will involve consultation with parents\carers and if necessary relevant healthcare professions and will be informed by Health and Safety Executive (HSE) guidance on school trips.

Other issues for consideration

Where a pupil uses home-to-school transport arranged by the LA and they also have a medical condition which is life-threatening, we will share the pupil's individual healthcare plan with the local authority.

A Defibrillator is located outside of the school at the junction of Church Street and Hook Green Road, which is for use by the whole community.

Once regulations have changed the Governing Body will consider whether to hold asthma inhalers on site for emergency use.





Template A

Individual Healthcare Plan



Pupil's Name:

Date of Birth:

Class:

Teacher:

Medical Needs:





Individual Healthcare Plan

Child's name:

Class:

Date of birth:

NHS Number:

Child's address:

Medical diagnosis or condition

Date:

Review date:

Family Contact Information

Name:

Relationship to child:

Phone no: (work)

(home)

(mobile)

Name:

Relationship to child:

Phone no: (work)

(home)

(mobile)





Clinic/Hospital Contact

Name:

Hospital:

Phone no:

G.P.

Name:

Address:

Phone no:

Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment or devices, environmental issues etc:

--

Name of medication, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision:

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Daily care requirements:

Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs:

Arrangements for school visits/trips etc:

Other information:





Describe what constitutes an emergency, and the action to take if this occurs:

Who is responsible in an emergency (*state if different for off-site activities*):

Class Teacher/TA

SLT

Plan developed with:





Staff training needed/undertaken – who, what, when:

Annual awareness and update training by all staff for:

Anaphylaxis

Asthma

Epilepsy (if required)

Additional training specific to pupil if required:

Form stored/shared

Office – Office staff and SLT

Class Room – Teacher, Support Staff

A short summary with photo will be displayed in the staff room and kitchen.

I give my consent for the school to contact the named health care professional(s) and for those professionals to advise the school in any relevant matters in connection with care at school. I accept full responsibility for keeping the school informed of anything that may be relevant in relation to the implementation of this care. I accept responsibility for ensuring that there are supplies of any relevant in date medication or equipment for my child's needs. I will collect all unused materials from the school at the end of the summer term. I accept that the school will dispose of unused materials that remain uncollected.

Parent/Carer name:

Signature:

Date:





Template B: Medication Consent

Parental agreement to administer medication – the school will not give your child medicine unless you complete this form.

Child's name:

Year group/class:

Date of birth:

Medical diagnosis/condition or illness:

(Is this medication required for an ongoing medical condition, or a short-term illness?)

Medication

Name of medication:

Expiry Date:

Dosage and method:

Times medication required:

Time of dose before school, if applicable:

Any known side effects:

Self-administration:

Y/N





Emergency Contact Details

Name:

Contact number:

Relationship to child:

G.P.

Name:

Phone no:

This information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate and I give consent to the school staff to administer medicine in accordance with the school policy. I will inform the school immediately in writing if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped. I will ensure that medication provided by me is in date and in its original container. If it is a prescribed medication, I will ensure the pharmacy label is correct and clearly visible. If it is an over-the-counter medication I will ensure that the dosage instructions are visible and that the medicine is permitted for the age of my child. I understand it is my responsibility to replace medication before expiry date.

Parent/Guardian Signature:

Date:

.....

We, Sedley's CofE Primary School, agree to undertake the supervision or administration of medication. This will be undertaken by a member of staff and/or first aider. This arrangement will continue until either the end of the course of medicine or until instructed by the parents.

Signed: (SLT ONLY)

Date:

.....



Template C: record of medicine administered to all children

Name of school

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Date	Child's name	Time	Name of medicine	Dose given	Signature of staff	Print name

This is kept in the form of a bound book, which is kept in the school office with the Individual Health and Care Plans.